

## GENDER POLITICS AND DISCOURSES

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### Abstract

2015 is celebrating 20 years of the Beijing Charter. This important UN document is one of the pillars of the Human Rights Declaration signed in 1948. Human rights foresee equity and equality for all human being, but even after 67 years, it is largely demonstrated that women do not have the same social, political, familiar, educational rights that men have. After so many failures in the global economic system, we discovered that half of humanity has been neglected and repressed in their personal and social attitudes, because of traditional mistaken beliefs and misconceptions. So we can speak of “half development”. The women rights had several times been debated in former UN strategic conferences and documents, especially in the most significant Conference on Environment (UNCED) in Rio de Janeiro in 1992, in which the major role of women is posed on their capacity of educating children for the future environmental safeguard. Both for this last reason, and for attaining the necessary equality between men and women, these last ones have to be more cared in the educational practice. In fact, great capacity of human skills are lost in letting women apart, both in educational and economic-political terms.

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